

Understanding the prevalence of age-related eye disorders will help policymakers develop better policies and interventions for preventing and treating vision problems. If appropriate preventive steps are not taken, costs will burgeon as the population of Utah ages and life expectancy increases. The number of Utah residents with impaired vision, including blindness, could more than double over the next three decades.

PREVALENCE OF AGE RELATED EYE DISEASE IN UTAH

	<i>female</i>	<i>male</i>	<i>white</i>	<i>black</i>	<i>Hispanic</i>	<i>other</i>	<i>total</i>
Hyperopia, age 40 and older	55,334	40,863	88,605	294	4,568	2,730	96,196
Myopia, age 40 and older	133,673	115,106	223,934	1,112	15,024	8,708	248,779
Age-related macular degeneration, age 50 and older	7,811	5,001	12,235	31	336	210	12,812
Cataract, age 40 and older	88,453	65,193	140,619	649	7,645	4,733	153,646
Diabetic retinopathy, age 40 and older	24,855	23,502	40,405	379	5,762	1,811	48,357
Glaucoma, age 40 and older	8,942	5,890	12,871	191	962	808	14,833
Low vision, age 40 and older	10,141	6,916	15,462	57	1,018	520	17,056
Blindness, age 40 and older	4,441	2,730	6,775	47	165	183	7,171

To view the *Vision Problems in the U.S.* report and database please visit PreventBlindness.org/VisionProblems

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