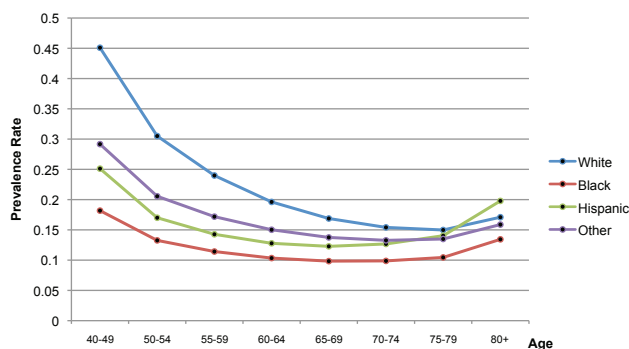


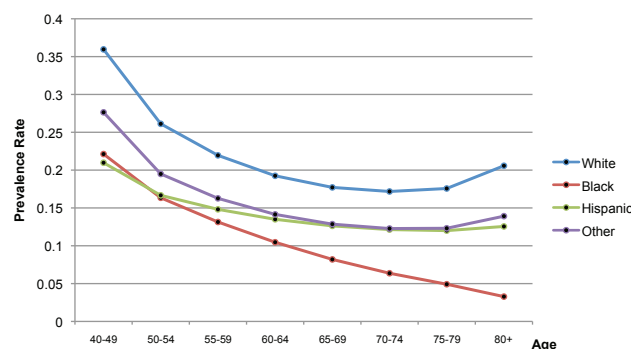
Understanding the prevalence of age-related eye disorders will help policymakers develop better policies and interventions for preventing and treating vision problems. If appropriate preventive steps are not taken, costs will burgeon as the population of the United States ages and life expectancy increases.

PREVALENCE OF MYOPIA

Age	female	male	white	black	Hispanic	other	total	Census
All	18,510,057	15,609,222	27,391,291	2,204,294	2,724,715	1,798,978	34,119,279	142,648,393
40-49	8,253,522	6,799,073	11,580,565	1,074,100	1,487,384	910,546	15,052,595	43,599,555
50-54	2,982,490	2,575,747	4,471,918	388,052	411,051	287,216	5,558,237	22,298,125
55-59	2,148,184	1,908,248	3,322,550	264,124	267,629	202,129	4,056,432	19,664,805
60-64	1,556,238	1,429,715	2,492,312	172,041	180,046	141,554	2,985,953	16,817,924
65-69	1,030,480	953,085	1,673,043	104,088	117,973	88,460	1,983,565	12,435,263
70-74	732,184	665,203	1,177,850	70,357	87,100	62,080	1,397,387	9,278,166
75-79	596,961	510,177	945,223	50,320	67,363	44,232	1,107,138	7,317,795
80+	1,209,997	767,974	1,727,829	81,213	106,168	62,761	1,977,971	11,236,760



Female



Male

To view the *entire Vision Problems in the U.S.* report and online database, please visit PreventBlindness.org/VisionProblems

This publication is copyrighted. This sheet may be reproduced—unaltered in hard print (photocopied) for educational purposes only. The Prevent Blindness America name, logo, telephone number and copyright information may not be omitted. Electronic reproduction, other reprint, exception or use is not permitted without written consent. Because of the time-sensitive nature of the information contained in this publication, contact Prevent Blindness America for updates.